GOLDT FOUNDATION

GOLDT & GOLDTX

GoldT Coin & GoldT Exchange coin

Whitepaper
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I. Outline of GOLDT Coin(GOLDT)

1. GOLDT Coin and GOLDT Coin blockchain

1) GOLDT coin

"GOLDT Coin" is ※crypto-asset, abbreviated as "GOLDT." It is worth 0.01g of gold per GOLDT coin. The GOLDT ecosystem is the most important basic principle of deposit of real gold in a bank safe with a reliable reserve ratio and thorough management of "GOLDT" corresponding to the reserve ratio. Due to the nature of blockchain and crypto-assets, the total number of planned quantities is issued at the same time, but the amount corresponding to the reserve ratio purchased by the market or mined in the real gold mine is issued and distributed in accordance with the plan set every year, thus giving rise to the convertible nature of the past gold standard currency era. It means that GOLDT, which is linked 1:1 with real gold, has market value as much as the weight of that quantity.

Unlike other crypto-currencies, GOLDT's transaction price is not determined by the crypto-currency exchange, but rather by the demand and supply of the crypto-currency exchange based on the "International Gold Exchange" price, so GOLDT can be a good means to keep assets in real gold to store their property value. If the price of gold rises in the gold market, of course, there may be additional capital gains. Above all, the reason why GOLDT, a crypto-asset that can be exchanged for real gold at a lower price than the market price, is because the issuing entity of GOLDT is a mining authority in a mine with a gold reserve of at least several trillion won, so it is possible to share this advantage.

※ It is an encrypted asset with a digital form of property value. It is abbreviated as a crypto-asset.

2) GOLDT Main-Net

"GOLDT Coin Blockchain" is a blockchain system that issues GOLDT and is abbreviated as "GTCB".

GTCB is a main-net that serves to create and record blocks of all data related to the initial issuance of GOLDT, subsequent coin transactions, and exchanges of coins and real gold.

"GOLDT main-net System" is largely 1) GOLDT, a crypto-asset issued by the GTCB system, 2) GTCB, 3) GTCB platform, 4) Sub-chain: The GTCB is the main-chain and consists of the application service blockchain that is formed in conjunction with it.

The sub-chain plans to develop a block chain that comprehensively manages the auction process, winning bid details and records on the history of the winning golden viewing-stone in the first place, and will operate it in conjunction with the main chain, GTCB, in the selection and sale of the golden viewing-stone, which is of aesthetic artistic value as the chief of the gold ore mining process.
2. Application and purpose of GOLDT

First, alternative means of holding real gold.

Instead of holding the gold in real life, it can be held in place of the gold, which is the encoding of the GOLDT. The amount of GOLDT to be distributed on the market is strictly controlled by GOLDT Foundation, the issuing entity of GOLDT, which is linked to the weight of real gold deposited in domestic or foreign banks. Therefore, if a qualified member wishes, a certificate and guarantee are attached to guarantee that the payment can be made in exchange for real gold.

This means that the coin was designed and created as a protected coin from unexpected frequent accidents, such as the loss of users' smartphones or loss of passwords for personal e-wallet. If you want to receive GOLDT in real gold, you can exchange GOLDT for real gold at the place indicated on the GOLDT Foundation website. Once exchanged for gold, GOLDT is immediately incinerated, so that the amount of GOLDT Coin distributed in conjunction with the weight of the deposited gold is kept intact, as well as to maintain the stability of the coin price of the coin. As a result, GOLDT’s stability and reliability are continuously managed and maintained as a gold standard crypto-asset.

Second, it serves as a key coin in the crypto-currency exchange.

GOLDT is a value of 0.01 gram per coin and is a stable crypto-asset with low price fluctuations in conjunction with the price of ‘International Gold Exchange’. As a result, GOLDT will be able to better support the price discovery of other crypto-assets as it serves as a key coin in the international crypto-currency exchange. In addition, if you want to buy or sell gold, you can easily trade gold by buying and selling only GOLDT on the exchange without having to transfer real gold.

Third, it is used as payment method for various application services of GTCB system.

GOLDT was issued for use as a payment method in the process of purchasing precious metals from the "Golden Viewing Stone" auction and "GOLDT Lounge" among the application services of the GTCB system. Today, the golden stone is treated as a rare work of art that has been buried underground for hundreds of millions of years regardless of the amount of gold contained in the stone. In addition, if GOLDT, which is linked to the international gold market, is used as a payment method when auctioning old art or modern art, the inconvenience caused by large remittance can be mitigated.

**GOLDT Application and Purpose**
- The means of holding an alternative to real gold if the gold is to be held as an asset;
- Simple trade means to replace real gold when buying and selling gold;
- The means of payment by the application services, such as the auction of golden viewing-stone or gold-related valuables;
- The role of key coin in crypto-currency exchanges
3. GOLDT - A key coin of crypto-currency Exchange

GOLDT is derived from various types of functions and roles in its original use of "holding an alternative to real gold if the gold is to be held as an asset, simple trading means of real gold, payment means of application services." One of the most representative is the partnership with crypto-currency exchanges of **UDAX, the United Digital Asset Exchange**. Currently, UDAX has established a local corporation in charge of the Asian region in Korea and operates exchanges in Malaysia, Singapore, Hong Kong, and Indonesia. Within a few months, it is expected that the international exchange will be opened in more than 10 countries including the United States, Japan, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, the Philippines, Britain, Vietnam, and Russia and it will become one of the top exchanges in the crypto-currency market. GOLDT Foundation, the issuers of GOLDT, and the UDAX Group have already signed a partnership agreement, and in the future, all UDAX international crypto-currency exchanges will be able to use GOLDT instead of cash to carry out the same role as the dollar in the process of pricing assets in the UDAX crypto-currency market.

As a result, members of UDAX can make a GOLDT wallet from GOLDT Foundation and pay for it in exchange for other crypto-currency instead of directly transferring cash when purchasing other crypto-currencies.

As a result, **GOLDT is a crypto-asset that ICO(IEO) has already established, and will naturally play a role as a stable key coin in the crypto-currency market.**

And while GOLDT's transactions are made in exchange for other crypto-currency at UDAX's international crypto-currency exchanges, on the other hand, the GOLDT's "GOLDT-specialized exchange" on the GOLDT mainnet will be available as a convenient means of payment between GOLDT members at any time.

4. GOLDT's issuer, mine and estimated reserves

1) GOLDT issue subject and mine

The main body of GOLDT's issuance, distribution and management is the "GOLDT Foundation" and the issuance of the GOLDT is based on on Jinsan Mine. Jinsan Mine, which is the basis of GOLDT issuance, is a mine authorized by Chungnam province Governor on May 1, 2012, and has mining rights and mining rights in six mining districts spanning 1,448 hectares across Jinsan-myeon and Nam-E-myeon in Geumsan-gun, Chung-nam Province, and Unju-myeon, Wanju-gun, Jeunbuk Province. The mining district of the Jinsan mine registered with the Mining Department is registered with registration number No. 75597, 75598.
GOLDT Foundation is listed in the Mining and Mining Agency for Jinsan Mine above and registered in the Mining Authority as a mining authority. For reference, mining rights have the right to explore and mine, and, apart from this, mining rights to collect the intended minerals by contract with the mining authority or landowner.

Along with GOLDT Foundation, JS Mining Co., Ltd., a joint mining authority in Jinsan mine, is a 40 years old company specialized in mining, which is a gold-silver mine consisting of eight mines in Susan-myeon, Jecheon-ciyt, Chungbuk Province, and a total of six mines in Yeongcheon and Gyeongju-city, Gyeongbuk Province. In addition, the Geumpung Mine Site in Jecheon currently operates its own concentrate and smelting facilities.

2) Estimated amount of gold reserves at the Jinsan mine, which is the basis for GOLDT issuance

The process and details related to estimating the size of the gold reserves of the Jinsan mine, which is the basis for GOLDT issuance, are as follows.

In 2014, Jinsan mine opened a mine in two of the mine’s six mines, and commissioned the Department of Geological and Environmental Engineering at Bukyung University and Gongju National University to explore the three sites for drilling, extending a total of about 480 meters. As a result, high-quality gold of 141.4g/t and 37g/t were obtained from clay samples at 107.7m below the northern air cavity, and from clay samples at 121.6m and 122m points. In addition, samples from the lower 95.1m and 96m of the middle drilling rigs showed a high content of 65.4g/t and 10.5g/t, respectively. On the other hand, clay samples with a depth of 97 meters below the south ball were found to be less than the reviewed scale (0.1g/t).

Since then, dug 400 meters more each from the end of the 600m shaft to the left and right, and opened a total of 1,400m shafts and have analyzed 10 of them by combining the samples from the additional mining processed and had the result as shown in [Table 1].

In addition, the results of calculating the minable ore according to the notice of the minable ore standard and the minable ore standard for mining right approval are 382,158 tons of proved reserves and 266,952 tons of estimated reserves, total 649,110 tons, it was all under the mining law. The above amount is for the sampling section only and does not include the amount of ores that may be buried in the remaining four shaft that have not yet been sampled.

Based on the above analysis results and the estimated amount of ore, the value of the gold deposits in the Jinshan mine is expected to reach over several trillion won in wholesale prices.
5. GOLDT Foundation Business Challenge

1) Additional construction of dressing ore facilities and expansion of smelting facilities

Dressing ore facility is a facility where mined ore is crushed into small pieces to sort out the ore. Therefore, it is necessary to have a dressing facility at the shortest distance from the mine, which can reduce the primary dressing and logistics costs in the gold production process, and additional profits can be expected if the ore from the mining process is processed into building materials.

Main shaft of Jinsan Mine is located in Jinsan-myeon, Geumpung-myeon, Geumseong-myeon, Geumseong-myeon, Jechon, Chungbuk province, but the main dressing ore facility is located in Geumpung Mine District, which is responsible for the large amount of time and transportation cost of the ore mined, leading to the increase in the cost of gold production and thus weakening profitability. In addition, its own smelting facility for smelting gold after the regular mining operation is also located in the Geumpung mine area above, but the facility needs to be expanded for the smelting of large-scale gold mines is desperately needed.

As a result, GOLDT Foundation plans to build a separate 100 ton-per-day processing dressing ore facility on a 1,500 square meter site located in front of the Jinsan mine shaft before the development of the Jinsan mine. In addition, smelting facilities located in the Geumpung Mine District will be expanded by introducing additional smelting facilities with the latest technology.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample number</th>
<th>sample</th>
<th>Analysis result</th>
<th>note (width : m)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jinsan mine-1</td>
<td>gold, silver</td>
<td>Au(g/t) Ag(g/t)</td>
<td>Cu(%) Pb(%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-2</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>223 157</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>-3</td>
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<td>&quot;</td>
<td>227 147</td>
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<td>160 107</td>
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<td>170 123</td>
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<td>-9</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>220 153</td>
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<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td></td>
<td>323.8 209.7</td>
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</table>

**Table 1**

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Analysis result</th>
<th>note (width : m)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
[Picture 1] Inside the Jinsan mine shaft

[Picture 2] Current Operating Dressing ore Facilities and Interior in the Geumpung Mine Area
2) The construction of the Golden viewing-stone auction Project and the Gold Museum

The golden viewing-stone is a gold mine that contains more than a certain amount of gold and is an artistic gemstone, and is currently the only one in Korea to be mined only at the Jinsan mine. From primary screening to exhibition, the Golden Seasons will be regularly auctioned off through on-offline to people around the world. The main items to be auctioned will be golden viewing-stone, but will be expanded to include valuable items such as antiques, art pieces and fine gold work.

In connection with the auction of the golden viewing-stone, the museum will be built as a place to display golden viewing-stone that mined from GOLDT-related gold mines, offer various experiences related to gold and sell gold work-pieces at a discount.

Currently, the world's largest museum of gold is located in Bogota, Colombia, and it has an exploration archives, a relic museum, and an educational exhibition hall that attracts more than 700,000 tourists a year, but unfortunately, it is not accessible to actual gold mines or golden viewing-stones.

[Picture 3] Part of the Golden viewing-stone which currently being kept and displayed
[Picture 4] Golden viewing-stone was born through expert verification from primary judgment to final decision

[Picture 5] Golden Museum exhibits

The GOLDT Golden Museum plans to link the gold mine, which is actually mined, along with the golden viewing-stone, display artwork with the golden viewing-stone, and establish a globally unique concept that allows the entire family to purchase gold and precious metal products as well as advanced AV facilities, which will be enjoyed at a discount, and thus the potential demand for both locals and foreign tourists is expected to be very high.
In particular, tourists from Japan, China, India and the Middle East who have a strong desire to buy gold can expect to enjoy a trip to Korea with just the discount amount that comes from purchasing gold bars or precious metal products from the Golden Museum using the GOLDT and GOLDTX coins they own. This will not only allow them to visit the Golden Museum, but also provide them with an interesting tour package, such as accommodation, air travel and shopping. In this process, GOLDT and GOLDTX will be used as payment method for the winning price of the golden viewing stone and sales of gold related products, and GOLDT/GOLDTX will continue to improve the distribution and price stability of GOLDT/GOLDX by incineration of the quantity paid for the payment. In addition, for a certain percentage of the profits generated from museum entrance revenue, sales revenue from gold products, and operation profits of auxiliary facilities, we plan to implement the concept of a shared economy by air-dropping a certain amount of GOLDT coins, a utility crypto-asset, to the holders of more than a certain amount of GOLDT through the GTCB platform.

3) GOLDT’s base price, distribution quantity

GOLDT is issued at a rate of 1 per 0.01g of real gold, with all of the initial main-net GTCB and platform deployments being issued at once. The issuing price of GOLDT shall be based on the gold market price of the International Gold Exchange, but in the case of GOLDT distributed by the issuing entity at the beginning of the issue, it shall be sold at a discount rate of 5-10% of the price on the basis of the date of sale according to the quantity of purchase. In the case of GOLDT, which is sold even in the first place, the holder will make exchange payments for real gold from one year after the date of sale, considering the period required for the expansion of the gold production facility.

The discount rate based on the quantity of GOLDT purchase from the issuer is as follows.

[Unit : Coin]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purchase quantity</th>
<th>~20,000</th>
<th>~50,000</th>
<th>~0.1M</th>
<th>~0.2M</th>
<th>~0.4M</th>
<th>~0.8M</th>
<th>~1.5M</th>
<th>~3M</th>
<th>~5M</th>
<th>5M&amp;10,000~</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>the rate of discount</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* For quantities within the discount range, the ratio of the purchase quantity to the total quantity within the range is applied.

The total volume of GOLDT is 500 million, and the corresponding gold deposits are finally 4 tons. The reason for issuing additional 100 million gold deposits, or 25% of gold deposits, is that in the event of loss of GOLDT wallets or damage from hacking or theft, 25% is issued in reserve for incineration and replacement of GOLDT.
Qualified GOLDT holders may issue certificates that match the quantity of their holdings 1:1, so incineration and replacement can be issued, and if the reason does not arise, over-issue will not be sold or circulated.

In addition, only 200 million GOLDT units will be sold in the next three years, and the plans for GOLDT sales and distribution and gold deposits are as shown in [Table 4]. However, the GOLDT distribution process will regulate the volume of GOLDT distribution within the range of 180% of the total gold deposited in the bank safe for annual periods after three years, and the remaining quantity will be locked in the GTCB system's GOLDT wallet.

[Table 4] Annual GOLDT Sales and Gold Deposit Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The annual period after issue</th>
<th>GOLDT Sales quantity</th>
<th>Accumulated Flow Rate</th>
<th>Gold deposit (t)</th>
<th>Accumulated deposits of Gold (t)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>20 million</td>
<td>20 million</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>50 million</td>
<td>70 million</td>
<td>0.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>100 million</td>
<td>170 million</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>100 million</td>
<td>270 million</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>1.8</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>100 million</td>
<td>370 million</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>50 million</td>
<td>420 million</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* In case of accumulated GOLDT in circulation, the amount of GOLDT incineration due to real gold payment is not subtracted.

4) Establishing GOLDT Distribution Support Infrastructure

We will continue to build ecosystems and infrastructure to support the smooth distribution of GOLDT. For convenient and easy access to GOLDT, we will open "GOLDT LOUNGE" on/offline and listing it on multiple crypto-currency exchanges and continue to support GOLDT’s stable trading and liquidity. Furthermore, we will issue a dedicated card and mobile app for GOLDT wallet function to make GOLDT easy to use and distribute GOLDT by distributing dedicated handsets with a dedicated card and app authentication payment function.

II. GOLDT Block Chain(GTCB) system

"GOLDT main-net System" is largely 1) GOLDT, a crypto-asset issued by the GTCB system, 2) GTCB, 3) GTCB platform, 4) Sub-chain.
Main-chain, GTCB function

"GTCB" performs various functions such as managing GOLDT transactions, which are the password of GTCB, the main system-wide main system, sub-chain management for application services, smart contracts, anonymity, and account control.

In particular, "GTCB" is a blockchain that creates and records all data about the initial issuance of "GOLDT" and subsequent coin trading and the exchange of real gold.

① GOLDT transaction management

GOLDT issues a total of 0.5 billion, and the total amount is unchanged. After being issued at the same time as the GTCB is deployed and distributed to a number of initial coin accounts according to established regulations, more coin accounts may be created as the network expands.

The initial GTCB will be developed in accordance with ERC 721 (Ethereum Request for Comments 721) based on Ethereum and operated until the development of its own main-net for GOLDT. The reason why GOLDT is issued with a token based on ERC 721 rather than a Dapp based on ERC 20 is to issue a GOLDT by giving each GOLDT a serial number and matching GOLDT with a certificate guaranteeing the dignity, weight and exchange of gold.

As a next step, after completing the development of the second generation (Ver. 2) GTCB main-net and transplanting previously created blocks into the main net, the goal is to create blocks per second to record the GOLDT transaction to form the main chain, GTCB.

Due to the nature of crypto-asset that replace real gold, GOLDT, which has been hacked or stolen, will be developed to trace serial numbers and incinerate the GOLDT and certificates of corresponding serial numbers.

GOLDT transactions are recorded in blocks that are both the head of the transaction and public spaces and are stored in a distributed format on each node connected to the Internet to ensure the safety of the transaction data.

Main chain's GOLDT transaction management is independent of sub-chain, and all GOLDTs are finally completed and recorded in the main chain, so GOLDT transactions can be agreed and verified only with the block contents stored on the nodes of the main chain.

② Sub-Chain (Child-chain) management

The sub-chain is a separate, independent blockchain, which creates blocks based on specific transaction information only for GOLDT assigned to the sub-chain according to preset granularity and sub-chain structure, while the main chain stores sequential GOLDT transactions in the blockchain.
The sub-chain only carries out transactions and GOLDT transactions associated with the application users it provides, creating blocks in the sub-chain, storing them, and sending them to the main chain.

Although the GOLDT trading mechanism for sub-chain users is editable in sub-chain, the recording of blocks according to the sub-chain's data structure has no effect on the completeness and safety of main-chain functions.

③ Smart contract

The account in the GTCB consists of two types of smart contract accounts, one that stores a typical coin account and the other smart contract program. A dual smart contract account ensures that the corresponding contract is smoothly entered into and implemented when the transaction format is in accordance with the terms of the smart contract account.

When a contract is signed and its content is fulfilled, a new block is created by recording transaction data as a result of the contract fulfillment, pre-saved data for that account, and data about the current block status. You can modify the variables depending on the situation.

The GTCB system has the ability to edit smart contracts to support the overall operation of the GTCB platform at each stage, enabling broader GTCB self- and sub-chain application coverage.

④ Other functions

In addition, the GTCB is a main chain that can perform the following functions:
- Decentralized credit rating system: evaluation of transaction behavior of accounts by nodes
- Decentralized Anonymous Transactions System: Anonymous Transactions Realized
- Voting system
- Multi-currency transactions: During transactions between various chains, each other's value is converted automatically to enable transactions.

III. GOLDTX Coin and Blockchain System

GOLDTX is a secondary crypto-asset for "GOLDT" that works directly with real gold and is abbreviated as "GOLDTX." "GOLDTX blockchain (GTXB) system" is a blockchain system that issues "GOLDTX" and manages GOLDTX coins, and performs related management functions, such as GTXB.

And the issuers of "GOLDT" and "GOLDTX" and "GOLDT Blockchain"(GTCB) and " GOLDTX Blockchain"(GTXB) systems are all operated by "GOLDT Foundation."

"GTXB System" consists of 1) GOLDTX, 2) GTX B, 3) GTXB Platform, which is an crypto-asset issued by the GTXB System.
1. GOLDTX Coin

1) Criteria and quantity of GOLDTX coin issue

For GOLDTX, the initial issue price is 1/10th the price of GOLDT, which is issued at a rate of 1 per 0.01g of real gold. However, the price that is circulated after the initial issue is based on the price actually traded between the crypto-currency exchange or the holder. In the future, exchange from GOLDTX to GOLDT at a rate of 1/20, the default value is set based on the market value of the gold and the actual price traded between the holders over the counter.

In principle, the issuance quantity of the GOLDTX coin is 10 times that of the GOLDT issue, 5 billion coins, at the same time as the GTXB system is opened.

2) Increase exchangeability between GOLDTX and GOLDT

In particular, GOLDTX will continue to develop an ecosystem so that it can be used faithfully for the purpose and purpose of issuance of GOLDTX. This means that once GOLDTX is issued and distributed, it can be exchanged for one real gold interlocking crypto-asset per 20 GOLDTX regardless of the transaction price of GOLDTX. This means that the initial GOLDTX issue price is designed to link the value to the real gold crypto-asset, GOLDT, by allowing GOLDTX to function smoothly as the secondary crypto-asset of GOLDT, with the initial issuance price of GOLDT issued at 1/10 and the exchange of one GOLDT per 20 GOLDTX.

However, GOLDT is only available under [Table 4] Annual Discriminatory GOLDT Sale and Gold Deposition Plan under "within 10% of the annual sales volume of GOLDT" for exchange demand exceeding 10% of the scheduled annual sales volume of GOLDT, which will be carried forward to the next year. In addition, the quantity of GOLDT that can be exchanged for GOLDTX at one time will not exceed "0.1% of the annual sales volume of GOLDT" and the conditions of exchange can be only for holders with 3000 GOLDT COIN or more. The GOLDT which paid in exchange for GOLDTX cannot be demanded to exchange real gold until "10 months from the date of exchange payment". This is an inevitable and inevitable measure to prevent the sale of GOLDTX due to speculative motives, and to prepare for additional real gold deposit demands that may occur, while controlling a series of artificial GOLDTX price manipulation activities that may occur during this process.

And GOLDTX, which was exchanged for GOLDT, will control the distribution safety and price stability of GOLDT and GOLDTX by incinerating them immediately without re-distributing them as they have already been transferred to real gold. This appropriate response will determine the transaction price of GOLDTX on the "one-tenth price of the first GOLDT" basis, along with a “price structure that matches demand and supply” as expressed among market participants in the exchange market, depending on the purpose generated by the deployment of the GOLDTX ecosystem.
3) The purpose and purpose of issuing GOLDTX.

GOLDTX is basically a utility crypto-asset designed to promote the ecosystem and infrastructure building and the spread of GOLDT. Therefore, GOLDTX can be airdropped to GOLDT buyers as an incentive to purchase GOLDT in connection with the sale at the beginning of GOLDT issuance. In addition, GOLDTX payment quantity due to GOLDT purchase will be gradually notified in accordance with the GOLDT promotion plan.

Next, GOLDTX will be used as various means of payment for future business processes by GOLDT and GOLDTX issuers. As well as using GOLDTX as a payment method, we plan to give them basic discounts as well as a variety of customizable benefits. The above business plan will be noticed on the website separately. In particular, **GOLDTX will be used as a payment method throughout the entire process of the gold museum and the on-off-line precious metal trading store that will be operated in conjunction with GOLDT. Therefore, it will be used as transaction price at the time of payment with GOLDT as payment method such as purchase of precious metal and payment of the price of the gold medal, sales of gold related products, and tour products linked to the gold museum.** The GOLDTX coins used as transaction price at the time of payment will be distributed without incineration.

4) Shared listing of "accumulated crypto-asset GOLDT" and "supplementary crypto-asset GOLDTX" (ICO)

GOLDTX basically serves as a utility crypto-asset to facilitate the spread of GOLDT. As a result, GOLDTX is scheduled to be listed on UDAX crypto-currency exchanges at the same time as GOLDT is listed (see "I. 3. GOLDT - A key coin of crypto-currency exchange"). The initial issue price of GOLDTX is 1/10 of the GOLDT issue price, and GOLDT and GOLDTX are organically linked as each 20 GOLDTX can be exchanged for one GOLDT regardless of the transaction price. This will provide many implications for the price discovery process of crypto-assets in the exchange market and also provide participants in the market with a role to address the information asymmetry of the balanced coin price.

5) Establish GOLDTX Distribution Support Infrastructure

Together with GOLDT, we will build an infrastructure that supports the smooth distribution of GOLDTX. To facilitate the transaction and distribution of GOLDTX, we will also support GOLDTX’s transactions through the "GOLDT Specialized Exchange." To make GOLDTX easier to use, we will also issue "**GOLDTX Coin Wallet Features' Dedicated Card and Mobile App**" to facilitate the smooth use and distribution of GOLDTX coins.
2. GOLDTX Blockchain (GTXB)

"GOLDTX Blockchain (GTXB)" is constructed as a separate, independent blockchain, not as a side-chain or sub-chain of "GOLDT Blockchain (GTCB)."

Nevertheless, for exchange transactions between GOLDTX and GOLDT, the exchange transaction relationship is finally established through the platform of the GTCB system, and the relevant data is generated and recorded in the GTCB and GTXB. As a result, GTXB operates in conjunction with GTCB Platform in a certain way for transactions related to GOLDT.

1) GTXB function

"GTXB" is the main chain of the system and performs various functions such as transaction management, smart contracts, and account control of GOLDTX, which is the encryption block of GTXB.

In particular, "GTXB" is a blockchain that creates and records all data about the initial issuance of "GOLDTX" and subsequent coin transactions and exchanges with GOLDT.

① GOLDTX transaction management

GOLDTX issues a total of 5 billion units, and the total amount is unchanged. Upon the launch of the GTXB, more coin accounts can be created as the network expands after being distributed to an initial number of coin accounts according to the established operating policy. The initial GTXB is developed using ERC 20 (Ethereum Request for Comment 20) Dapp based on Ethereum until it develops its own main-net for GOLDTX coin.

After completing the development of the GTXB main-net and transplanting previously created blocks into the main net, the goal is to create blocks that record GOLDTX transaction data in less than 1 second to form the main chain, GTXB.

In this process, GOLDTX will be developed to subtract the quantity of GOLDTX from the total GOLDTX issue quantity and then be incinerated.

GOLDTX transactions are recorded in blocks that are both in charge of trading and in public places and stored in a distributed format on each node connected to the Internet to ensure the safety of transaction data.

Main chain's GOLDTX transaction management is independent, and since all GOLDTXs are finally traded and recorded on the main chain GTXB, the GOLDTX transaction can be agreed and verified only by the block content stored on the node of the GTXB.
② Sub-Chain (Child-chain) management
The sub-chain is a separate, independent blockchain, which creates blocks based on specific transaction information only for GOLDT assigned to the sub-chain according to preset granularity and sub-chain structure, while the main chain stores sequential GOLDT transactions in the blockchain.

The sub-chain only carries out transactions and GOLDT transactions associated with the application users it provides, creating blocks in the sub-chain, storing them, and sending them to the main chain.

Although the GOLDT trading mechanism for sub-chain users is editable in sub-chain, the recording of blocks according to the sub-chain's data structure has no effect on the completeness and safety of main-chain functions.

③ Smart contract
The account in the GTCB consists of two types of smart contract accounts, one that stores a typical coin account and the other smart contract program. A dual smart contract account ensures that the corresponding contract is smoothly entered into and implemented when the transaction format is in accordance with the terms of the smart contract account.

When a contract is signed and its content is fulfilled, a new block is created by recording transaction data as a result of the contract fulfillment, pre-saved data for that account, and data about the current block status. You can modify the variables depending on the situation.

The GTCB system has the ability to edit smart contracts, supporting the overall operation of the GTCB platform at each stage, enabling broader application coverage through the GTCB itself and sub-chain.

④ Other functions
In addition, the GTCB is a main chain that can perform the following functions:
- Decentralized credit rating system: evaluation of transaction behavior of accounts by nodes
- Decentralized Anonymous Transactions System: Anonymous Transactions Realized
- Voting system
- Multi-currency transactions: During transactions between various chains, each other's value is converted automatically to enable transactions.
2) Consensus algorithm of GTXB

GTXB is initially deployed in accordance with ERC 20 (Ethereum Request for Comment 20) of Ethereum and is also issued as an ERC 20-based token of crypto-asset, GOLDTX. As a result, the consensus algorithm is also towards PoS (Proof of Stake), but until it is completely converted to PoS, it’s based on the PoW (Proof of Work) consensus algorithm to make sure that the block is formed. PoS is a kind of distributional arrangement, an upgrade version of Bitcoin’s PoW. However, currently the PoS is in the process of transition from PoW and the complete PoS has not yet been implemented. Thus, GTXB’s consensus algorithm initially follows the agreed algorithm of ERC 20 based on Ethereum, and GOLDTX, the crypto-asset of GTXB, is also produced as a Dapp (Decentralized Application) based on ERC 20.

Afterwards, we will develop an original GTXB system and transfer all the data and accounts of the previously created blocks into the newly built main-net to operate the GOLDTX service in earnest. The newly developed GTXB system main-net agreement algorithm will adopt the DPoS (Delegated Proof of Stake) method in consideration of the fast transaction confirmation aspects. DPoS is an agreement protocol adopted by Bitshares (BTS), Steam, EOS, and so on, not by all nodes agreeing to form blocks, but by all coin holders who elect a certain number of “proven nodes” (delegate shares) to form blocks. Therefore, some point out that it is placed in the "decentralization" that the blockchain is oriented toward.

And yet, the best thing about that is that the nodes that agree to form the blocks are overwhelmingly fast, because they’re a few, so you can configure the system to take less than a second to create a block. It also has the advantage of being able to redistribute a certain percentage of the mining compensation generated by the voting (defeated) coin according to the pledge made during the voting process. The reason why we adopted DPoS as an agreement algorithm is that GOLDTX is the GOLDT's secondary crypto-asset that replaces real gold, and we considered the need for rapid settlement of all transactions as much as possible. Furthermore, the adoption of DPoS prevents unnecessary misuse of computer resources. GTXB chose the value of efficiency and economics over the ideological aspect of "decentralization."

The detailed development of the GTXB Agreement algorithm DPoS will implement a combination of methods such as shading, off-chain, and multiple witness node groups to implement block generation as quickly as possible, while addressing issues related to decentralization that may arise in the node-to-node agreement process.
3) Block structure of GTXB

In a GTXB system, the heads of all data, including GOLDTX transactions, are recorded in blocks, one after another, forming a chain and stored on a number of distributed nodes. The GTXB's block data features such architectural features as transparency, safety, decentralization, non-reversibility, traceability, and tamper-proof.

Each transaction record stored in the GTXB block includes a header with one historical identification and the following information is recorded in the block:
- Capacity of blocks and hourly records (time stamp)
- Block labeling
- ID and password of block generation account
- Labeling and hash values of all blocks
- Total crypto-asset number of transactions and byte expenses recorded in the block
- Transaction information included in the block
- Block Payload Length and Payload Hash Value
- Signature of the creation of the block

4) Bite Cost Distribution

Byte cost is the cost that the starting node pays to the captain node, the cost of accessing and using broadband Internet during the transaction process, and the use of bytes based on blockchain formation.

In this process, the captain node can set the lowest cost, and the starting node can set the highest cost, so the transaction takes place and successfully enters the blockchain when both conditions are met.

Byte cost is the driving force behind blockchain field operation. The captain node performs block calculation and agreement verification to obtain byte cost. The transaction start node has to pay additional cost for all bytes required for the transaction, such as coin transaction and smart contract.

3. GTXB Platform

The GTXB platform will scale out and deploy in three phases, depending on the stage of the GOLDTX business's expansion.
Step 1 (Introduction Phase): Coin Account for managing GOLDTX transactions, which are crypto-asset, and Smart Contract Account related to GOLDTX transactions are opened, and the platform operating base is developed, such as coin packs, management tools, and user Information. At the same time, to support exchange transactions with GOLDT, we develop logic and interfaces for interworking with "GOLDT Specialized Exchange."

Step 2 (Developing phase): Develop payment logic and modules required for various payment services using GOLDTX, while developing and adding various modules for enhancing reliability such as user history, delivery, and secure transaction management, and completing node design and interface development to operate them in conjunction with coin and smart contract accounts.

Step 3 (Application phase): By developing and distributing GOLDTX-only cards, dedicated apps, and dedicated terminals for authentication/payment, we will expand infrastructure and convenience systems to support easy use and distribution of GOLDTX, and enhance the functions and security of dedicated cards/ terminals to enhance the reliability of GOLDTX distribution.

IV. GOLDT and GOLDTX Coin Ecosystem and Interworking Structure

1. GOLDT and GOLDTX Coin Ecosystem

The GOLDT ecosystem is largely formed by 1) GTCB, 2) GOLDT, 3) GOLDT purchase holder, 4) GOLDT issued based mine, 5) Gold deposit institution and gold exchange window, 6) GOLDT specialized exchange, 7) UDAX crypto-currency exchange, 8) GTCB sub-chain, 9) Gold Museum, 10) GOLDT-certified/payment-only cards (mobile apps) and certification/payment terminals, 11)International Gold Exchange.

And the GOLDTX ecosystem is formed by 1) GTXB, 2) GOLDTX, 3) GOLDTX holders, 4) GOLDTX crypto-currency exchange, 5) GOLDT specialized exchange (exchange with GOLDT), 6) MCN and Golden Museum, 7) GOLDT authentication/payment cards (mobile app) and authentication/payment terminals. In addition, on the network side, the GOLDT and GOLDTX coin ecosystems are operated through the main nodes of GTCB and GTXB, respectively, which are connected to each component of the ecosystem through the Internet, during which all transaction data about GOLDT and GOLDTX are generated and stored in GTCB and GTXB respectively.
2. Interworking structure with GTCB and sub-chain and GTXB

The GTCB and GTCB subsystems consist of the platforms of each blockchain and main chain and the back-end Internet service servers of the sub-chain, as shown in [Picture 13], which work together through the designated nodes.

All transaction information in the subsystem is written to the nodes in the sub-chain according to the preset data form, and at the same time, information is sent to the main chain GTCB via the designated node to create and store GOLDT-related transaction information on that node.

Key interlocking features with the GTCB and GTXB systems include:

First, each main node manages the data ledger, and the data transactions between each main node are transparent.

Second, there are sub-nodes connected under each main node and all of them are connected to the Internet in real time.

Third, the main node can only increase if it is agreed between existing nodes.

Fourth, a fee is required for a search of the books and their records, and the fee is paid using GOLDT for GTCB and GTXB for GOLDTO.

Fifth, customers can use GOLDT and GOLDTOX coins as their direct payment method for various applications under the theme of Golden viewing-stone Auction and Golden Museum.
V. GOLDT and GOLDTX Coin Management Plan

1. GOLDT

The total volume of GOLDT issuance is 500 million, resulting in a gold deposit of 4 tons. Only 200 million GOLDT units will be sold up to three years after the issuance, and the plan for GOLDT sales and distribution and gold deposits is the same as "[Table 4] annualized GOLDT sales and gold deposits."

However, considering that GOLDT is a means to settle the winning bid for the Golden viewing-stone, it is possible to adjust the GOLDT sales within the proper amount if the expected winning price of the golden viewing-stone is judged to be a setback in the GOLDT expected demand supply by comparing the total with the annual GOLDT sales and distribution volume.
As GOLDT is a real international gold market-linked crypto-asset, unlike other crypto-currencies, there will be no separate allocation plan, and even the GOLDT required to form a sub-chain will be separately calculated and paid to the sub-chain. And while both the GTCB and the sub-chain are developed and operated in a public blockchain technology, there will be no GOLDT compensation due to external mining by strictly blocking access to the nodes for mining by third parties.

2. GOLDTX

The issuance quantity of GOLDTX is 10 times that of GOLDT, and 5 billion copies are issued. GOLDTX is issued by the mainnet, GTXB. And the value of the GOLDTX is linked to GOLDT which is linked to real gold, because it can be exchanged at the rate of one GOLDT coin, regardless of the price of 20 GOLDTX coins. As a result, node access operations for mining by external third parties can pose a real gold deposit burden for GOLDT, threatening the reliability and stability of GOLDT. Therefore, the company will block access to nodes for external third-party GOLDTX mining and operate only the business owner's own nodes to prevent GOLDTX compensation for external mining.

After GOLDTX is issued, its operation plan is as follows:

[Table 5] GOLDTX Coin Operation Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classify</th>
<th>Quantity (million)</th>
<th>Ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Issued Quantity</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reserve holding quantity</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual quantity of issuance and distribution</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td>90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st Marketing Promotion</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Marketing Promotion</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-sale</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GTXB System Development Investment</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICO and Exchange Sales</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOLDTX Fund Association</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Founder group</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Expanding GOLDTX Ecosystem and Realizing the Ideology of Shared Economy

By allocating 1 billion coins, 20% of total GOLDTX issuance, the core competencies and their roles in the GOLDTX project will continue to expand the ecosystem and proceed with the following projects. Accordingly, the company plans to provide additional point-type GOLDTX coins to members who own GOLDT and GOLDTX for each transaction to implement profit sharing of the concept of refunds for key members. To implement this shared economic ideology, the “GOLDT Foundation” will be established and operated by the "GOLDTX Fund" in the form of a corporation. The main ecosystem projects and functions of the fund meeting are as follows.
- Finding promising content and investing in venture companies
- Discovering and investing businesses related to the Golden Museum
- Finding and commercializing promising technology business items
- Invest in blockchain-related start-ups
- Investment in the operation of jewelry stores

As a rule, the GOLDTX Fund Association shall operate in accordance with consensus decision-making by forming a “GOLDTX Fund Operating Committee” separately from the members of the fund association, but, if necessary, the fund association may entrust the fund to an external institution for efficient operation or may operate a separate start-up investment company or asset management company as a subsidiary.

VI. Information of Exemption from liability

This document is intended to describe the GOLDT Coin(included GOLDTX Coin) project and its associated technicalities and may be added or supplemented without notice. In particular, we inform you that we do not include any separate quotation relating to any form of purchase right or purchase related to the crypto-asset GOLDT, and that we do not specify or include any essential or formal details of any contract or terms relating to the purchase.

In relation to the GOLDT Project described in this document, it is necessary to understand clearly the various types of risks the project itself has, and to understand and understand the risks of the project in the future, all investment or purchasing coin activities related to the project, and then to consider that it has been conducted in accordance with its own judgment. Therefore, any investment or acquisition of GOLDT in connection with this project will be attributed to the investor or buyer's own liability and burden, and any results will be accepted and borne by him/herself.

Therefore, the GOLDT Foundation also clearly inform you that it does not engage in, intervene, or take any responsibility for any direct or indirect gains or losses that may arise as a result of any third party's investment in this business or any act of purchase in GOLDT.
In addition to the above, the scope of exemption for GOLDT project includes the following, so investors or buyers must be aware of these details and judge them.

1) GOLDT and GOLDTX are not applicable to any currency, electronic payment means, or financial investment products, but are digital-type crypto-asset and are a form of assets of good value that can be subject to independent trade.

2) Although GOLDT and GOLDTX are based on blockchain technology related to forgery and tamper prevention, the crypto-currency exchanges or similar exchanges that do business by listing the above coins do not apply blockchain technology to their operating platforms, and thus can cause damage to customers by hacking.

3) GOLDT and GOLDTX are vulnerable to rapid response, as they exclude central operating institutions and participate in system operations, conflicts of interest between participants may cause difficulty in coordinating, and changes to systems to improve safety and efficiency may result in delays in decision making.

4) The value variability between GOLDT and GOLDTX is relatively stable compared to other coins that rely solely on market participants' demand and supply, as the price varies in part according to the reserve ratio and the value of gold in a certain amount of gold reserve in conjunction. But in the case of GOLDTX, the storage of value may be a little weaker than GOLDT.

5) GOLDTX is a secondary crypto-asset of GOLDT, although linked to GOLDT, but is significantly influenced by the ecosystem's maturity and operation regardless of its intrinsic value, so it is basically difficult to value, and therefore has a market risk of rapidly changing prices depending on market conditions.

6) The rise or fall in the transaction price of GOLDT and GOLDTX can occur regardless of the the perfection of an ecosystem and theoretical analysis or prediction, and the results are completely irrelevant to the GOLDT Foundation business.

7) Possess of coin, GOLDT and GOLDTX are inherent in a number of forms of risk, including loss and theft.

8) By holding the coins of the crypto-assets GOLDT and GOLDTX, the business entity GOLDT Foundation does not authorize the holders of the above coin to operate, manage or control the business.

9) GOLDT and GOLDTX are crypto-assets that can be regulated by all countries around the world. If a country applies regulations that are particularly difficult to accept for holders of GOLDT, GOLDTX and this project may be subject to discriminatory effects from the nature or strength of the regulations in each country.
Read this white paper on the direction of development and possible risk factors of this business and crypto-assets GOLDT and GOLDTX. If you do not fully understand this white paper, we recommend that you refrain from trading through the purchase of GOLDT and GOLDTX and, furthermore, make a careful decision on your participation in investment in this project. Please be aware that this project is likely to fail regardless of the will of the project entity due to regulations, market demand, technical factors, or natural disasters.

VII. Organization of GOLDT and GOLDTX Coin Business

| Kim Gyuhyeon | • Korea University  
|              | • Vice Chairman BotaBio  
|              | • Chairman of Ganmanse INC.  
|              | • Advisor of Virtual Reality Content (VR) Association  
|              | • a special member of the law firm the EIN.  
|              | • Vice President of GOLDT Foundation  

| David Sl, Jung | • Quezon International Financing Group, Team Leader of Asia division  
|               | • Director of DK Construction's Overseas Business Headquarters  
|               | • DK Bio Philippine Corporate Director  
|               | • CEO of PEP, Inc. Philippines Corporation  
|               | • CEO of SB Solomon AMC, Inc.  
|               | • CEO of GOLDT Foundation, Inc.  
|               | • Permanent director of the Korea Security Council  
|               | • Director of Water Skiing and wakeboard association in Seoul  

| Sung Min, Kim | • Jenam Petroleum Chemical College, majoring in Economics  
|              | • Bachelor of Science and Technology of the Department of English Language at West southern University of Science and Technology  
|              | • China Stone Painting (China Snowpick) Harbin Oil Refinery Factory Bank-President  
|              | • Vice President of China Hwadang Group  
|              | • Steering Committee member of the China International Development Assistance Committee  
|              | • Chairman, Korean region of Southeast Asia Blockchain Federation  
|              | • CEO(Korea) of UDAX International Exchange  
|              | • Chairman(Indonesia) of UDAX International Exchange  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Positions and Achievements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yun su, Kim</td>
<td>• Seoul National University, Department of Electronic Engineering</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Ph.D. Electronic Engineering, KAIST</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Executive Director of Samsung Electronics</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Jang Youngsil Award (2nd time)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• CEO of Icantechn, Inc.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• CTO of Duru Trading, Inc.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• CTO of GOLDT Foundation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advisor Changgeun, Ye</td>
<td>• London School of Economics (LSE) Political Science</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Master of Public Administration at Kyungbuk National University</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Doctor of Public Administration at Seoul National University</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Senior Presidential Secretary for Public Administration</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Governor of Gyeonggi Province 2nd Administration</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• President of Gyeonggi English Village</td>
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<td>• GOLDT Foundation Advisor</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advisor Kwang chul, Park</td>
<td>• Outside director of Hyundai Securities Co.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Counselor, Law Firm the Pacific</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Deputy Director of Market Securities at Financial Supervisory Service</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Financial Supervisory Service Deputy Chief of Securities</td>
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<tr>
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<td>• Director of the Securities Supervision Bureau of the Financial Supervisory Service</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Doctor of Law at Kunkuk University Graduate School</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Advisor</th>
<th>Heon, Jung</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Ph.D. in Political Science, Korea University and Moscow National University, Russia</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Professor of political science at Moscow National University</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Director of the East Asia Strategic Research Institute</td>
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<tr>
<td>• honorary consul general of the Russian Federation in Korea</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Advisor of GOLDT Foundation</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Advisor</th>
<th>Geunsaeng, Park</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Yonsei University Sangkyung University Applied Statistics</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Chaseman Hetton Bank MBA Completion</td>
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<td>• KAIST AIM Chief Executive Course</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Temen Holdings Co., Ltd. CEO</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Deutsche Motors Inc. Full-time Audit</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Medison Vice President/CFO/Register</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Vice President Kansus Partners, PEF (Private Investment Fund) Representative Fund Manager</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• ABN AMRO (ABN AMRO) Bank's Seoul Branch IB Directorate</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• JP Morgan Chase Bank's Seoul branch, Corporate Finance IB, Senior Vice President</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• GOLDT Foundation Advisor</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Advisor</th>
<th>Chul, Kim</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Ph.D. Art Psychology at Myongji Graduate School of Social Education</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Head of POS Business Headquarters, TOSHIBA, Japan</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• (Advice member of the Distribution Code Center)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• President of IBM Korea's distribution and sales division</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Director of Pacific Information Technology Distribution Business Headquarters</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• CEO of POSPIA (Korea's first domestic POS development manufacturing)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• GOLDT Foundation Advisor</td>
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